6. केरल

7. असम

8. महाराष्ट्र

9. तमिलनाडु

10. पश्चिम बंगाल

11. आन्ध्र प्रदेश

12. कर्नाटक

13. गुजरात

14. उड़ीसा (केवल महालेखाकार कार्यालय के कर्मचारियों के लिए)

(घ) इस योजना के अधीन लाए गए व्यक्तियों की संख्या लगभग 41 लाख है।

Arrears of Income tax from Nationalised Banks

2950. SHRI SOLIPETA RAMACHANDRA REDDY: DR. MOHAN BABU:

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) the amount outstanding from nationalised banks on account of arrears of Income lax at the end of 1993-96, bank-wise;

(b) the reasons for accumulation of arrears;

(c) whether, timely follow-up measures were taken by the IT authorities; and

(d) the steps taken to realise the arrears early and action taken to get the stay-orders vacated; if any?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) to (d) Tax arrears of nationalised banks at the end of 1995-96, is as per Statement *(See* below). The arrears pertain to cases which have been disputed at various stages of appeal, and in most cases recovery process has been stayed. Since the disposal of such appeals take considerable time, arrears accumulate with completion of subsequent assessments on similar grounds. In the remaining cases, assessments were completed in the month of March, 1996 and consequently demands raised had not fallen due for payment collection. »

Recovery of arrears is an ongoing process. Steps taken for recovery of arrears include issue of show-cause notices and attached of movable and immovable assets. Where recovery is stayed by Appellate Authorities steps are taken to get these vacated Recovery of arrears, especially in the bigger cases, is closely monitored at all levels.

Statement

Tax Arrears of Nationalised Banks at the end of 1995-96

SI. No.	Names of the Nationalised Banks	Amount ou as on (Rs i. in crore) (standing 31.3.1996
1.	Oriental Bank of Commerce	24.82
2.	Punjab National Bank	289.36
3.	Punjab & Sind Bank	6.43
4.	New Bank of India	6.44
5.	State Bank of Travancore	21.27
6.	Bank of India	65.06
7.	Dena Bank	16.30
8.	Union Bank of India	23.09
9.	Syndicate Bank	32.30
10.	State Bank of Mysore	12.01
11.	Canara Bank	43.37
12.	Vijaya Bank	22.79
13.	United Bank of India	171.49
14.	UCOBank	35.50
15.	Allahabad Bank	14.46
16.	State Bank of Bikaner & Jaipur	14.15

Credit rating agencies in the country

2951. SHRI ASHOK MITRA: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) the number of credit rating agencies operating in the country and their capital structure;

(b) whether foreigners permitted to hold a majority of the equity in such credit agencies; and

(c) whether there is any proposal under Government's consideration to introduce an arrangement whereby a public issue proposed by any company has to be preceded by a compulsory examination of the proposal by a recognised rating agency?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) The informating is

being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

(b) Credit rating agencies is one of the approved Non-Banking Financial Services activities where foreign investment are permitted. There is no minimum capitalisation requirement when the foreign equity is within 51%. However, the foreign partners are required to bring in a minimum of $ 5 million for foreign equity exceeding 51% and upto 75%.

(c) There is no such proposal under the consideration of the Government at present.

Opening more CGHS Allopathic, Ayurvedic and Homoeopathic Dispensaries in Delhi

2952. SHRI K.M. KHAN: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether some requests for opening more Allopathic, Ayurvedic and Homoeopathic dispensaries, under CGHS in Delhi have been received during 1994, 1995 and upto June, 1996;

(b) if so, the details thereof, locality-wise:

(c) whether Government propose to set up such dispensaries during current year to meet long outstanding demands;

(d) whether Government propose to set up CGHS dispensaries in different parts of Delhi at its own: and

(e) if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI SALEEM IQBAL SHERVANI): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. Requests for opening of more dispensaries under CGHS in Delhi have been received for areas such as Subroto Park, Bahadurgarh, Ghaziabad, Dr. R.M.L. Hospital, Pitampura, Inderpuri Colony (Ghaziabad), Shakur Basti etc.

(c) to (e) Depending on the availability of resources and keeping in view relevant criteria, such as request from different Residential Welfare Associations, CGHS norms of certain minimum concentration of Central Government servants and pensioners in a particular locality etc., Government is gradually intensifying its net work of dispensaries in Delhi.

Nomination of some more doctors in

एयर इण्डिया और इण्डियन एयरलाइन्स द्वारा दुर्घटनाओं के लिए मुआवजे के रूप में अदा की गई राशि

2953. **श्री दिलीप सिंह जूदेव:** क्या नागर विमानन मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) पिछले तीन वर्षों के दौरान एयर इण्डिया एवं इण्डियन एयरलाइन्स के विमानों को दुर्घटनाओं के परिणामस्वरूप उन्हें मुआवजे के रूप में कितनी राशि का भुगतान करना पड़ा और इन विमानों के नष्ट होने के कारण उन्हें कितना नुकसान उठाना पड़ा;

(ख) दोनों विमान कंपनियों को बीमे की कितनी राशि प्राप्त हुई और कितनी राशि प्राप्त होनी शेष है; और

(ग) 31 जुलाई, 1996 तक दावा प्राधिकरणों एवं उपभोक्ता संरक्षण प्रकोष्ठों में लम्बित पड़े दावों का ब्यौरा क्या है?

नागर विमानन मंत्री (श्री सी.एम. इब्राहिम): (क) और (ख) एयर इण्डिया द्वारा किसी क्षतिपूर्ति का भुगतान नहीं किया गया था चूंकि 1993-94 से 1995-96 की अवधि के दौरान एअर इंडिया के विमानों की कोई दुर्घटना नहीं हुई थी।

इंडियन एयरलाइन्स द्वारा उसी समयावधि के दौरान विमान दुर्घटनाओं के कारण क्षतिपूर्ति के रूप में 230.90 लाख रु का भुगतान किया गया था।

इंडियन एयरलाइन्स को विमानों के नष्ट हो जाने के परिणामस्वरूप किसी प्रकार की कोई हानि नहीं हुई चूंकि इसका विमान-बेड़ा पूरी तरह बीमाकृत है और कंपनी को बीमा कंपनियों द्वारा पूर्णत: क्षतिपूर्ति की जाती है। कंपनी ने 1992-93 से 1995-96 की समयावधि के दौरान बीमा कंपनियों से 202.50 करोड़ रुपए की धनराशि प्राप्त की।

(ग) 31 जुलाई, 1996 की स्थिति के अनुसार विभिन्न न्यायालयों/अधिकरणों तथा उपभोक्ता संरक्षण प्रकोष्ठों में क्षतिपूर्ति दावे के 55 मामले लंबित हैं।

Expert Committee on Tobacco

2954. SHRIV. HANUMANTHA RAO: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether some more doctors will be